

# RELEVANCE OF ON AND OFF TRANSITIONS IN QUANTUM PAIR PRODUCTION EXPERIMENTS

Álvaro Álvarez-Domínguez, Álvaro Parra-López

IV IPARCOS Congress - 10<sup>th</sup> December 2025

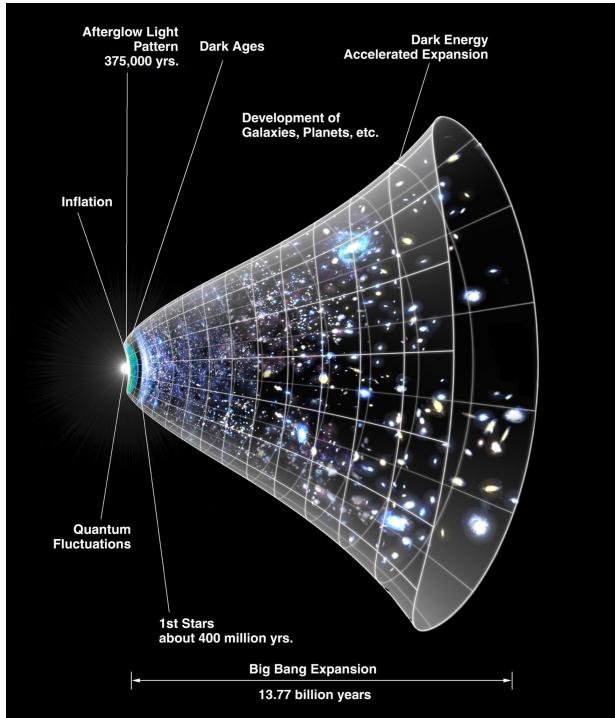
Phys. Rev. D 112, 085028 (2025)



UNIVERSIDAD  
COMPLUTENSE  
MADRID



IPARCOS



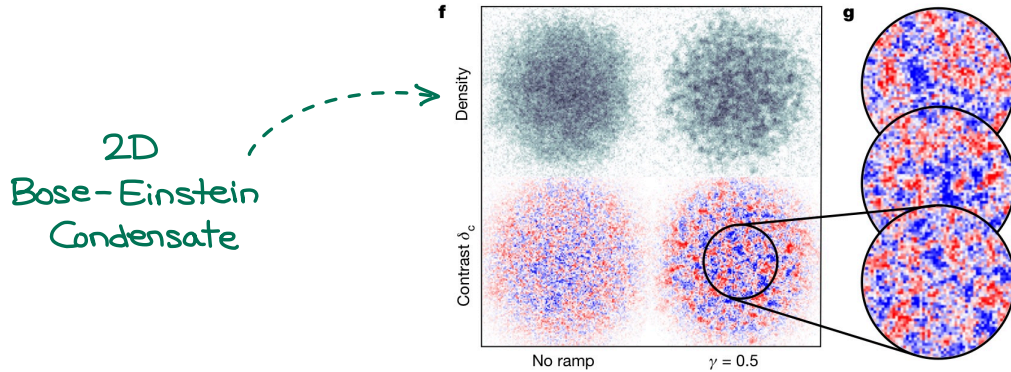
During the expansion of the Universe,  
 particles are produced!

We would like to measure the  
 production of particles due to  
 the expansion between times

$\eta_{on}$  and  $\eta_{off}$ .

$\eta$ : conformal time

There are experiments that simulate how little universes expand :



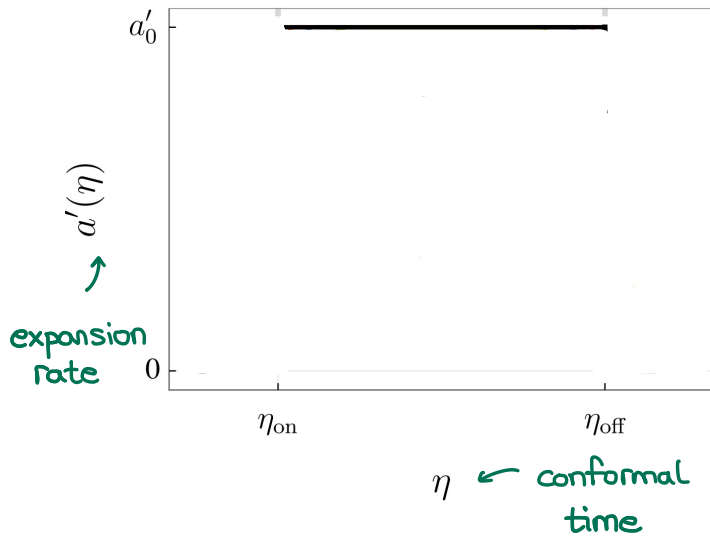
Nature 611, 260 (2022)

But we found that we might have some  
problems with their interpretation...

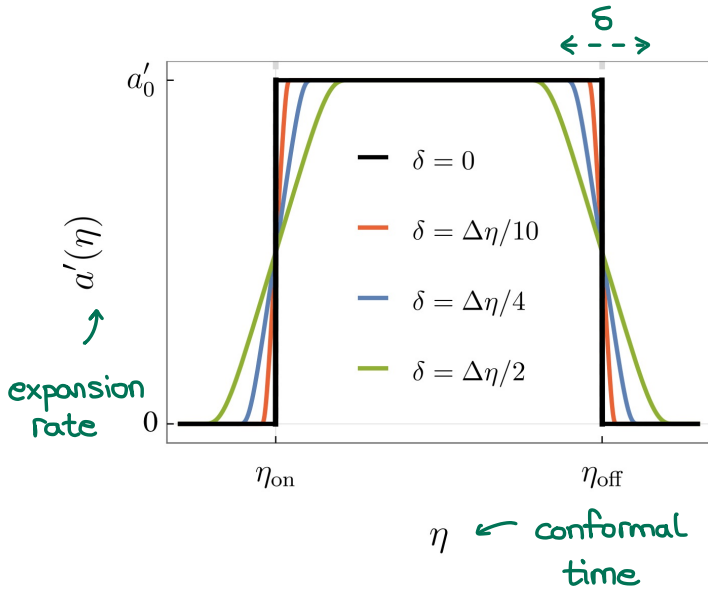


Imagine an experiment simulating a universe expanding at constant rate:

OBJECTIVE: Particles produced between  $\eta_{\text{on}}$  and  $\eta_{\text{off}}$ ?



Imagine an experiment simulating a universe expanding at constant rate:

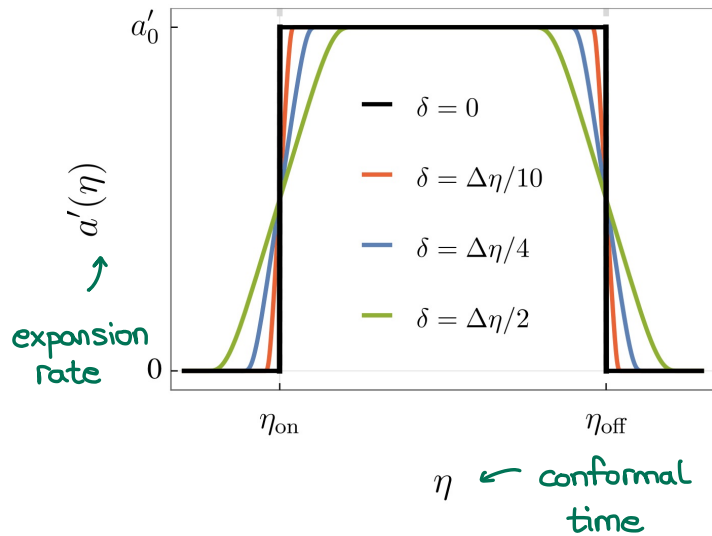


OBJECTIVE: Particles produced between  $\eta_{\text{on}}$  and  $\eta_{\text{off}}$ ?

However, one cannot avoid 'on' and 'off' transitions in the lab.

? How do 'on' and 'off' transitions impact the results of experiments?

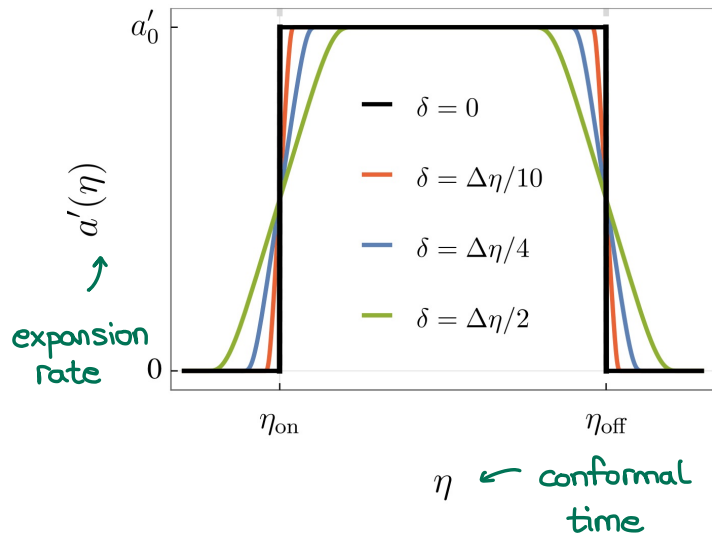
We showed that particle spectra can be overwhelmingly dominated by 'on' and 'off' transitions.



BE CAREFUL WHEN INTERPRETING RESULTS OF EXPERIMENTS!

~~'We simulated an expanding universe at constant rate'.~~

We showed that particle spectra can be overwhelmingly dominated by 'on' and 'off' transitions.



BE CAREFUL WHEN INTERPRETING RESULTS OF EXPERIMENTS!

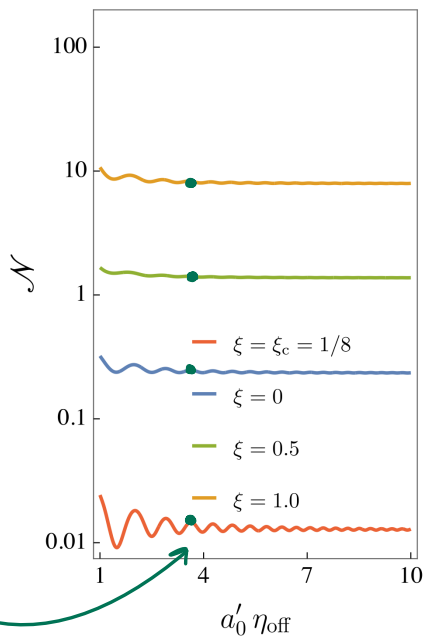
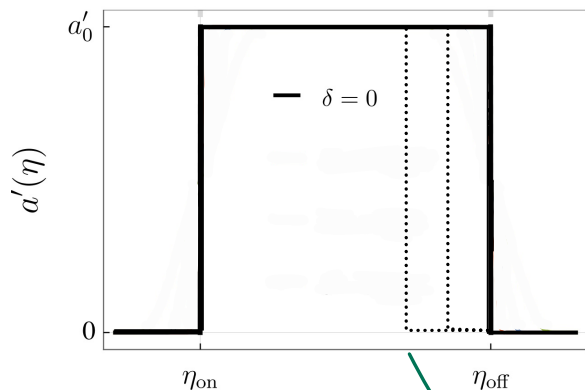
'We simulated an expanding universe at constant rate'.

+ 'on' and 'off' transitions

and actually these contribute the most!

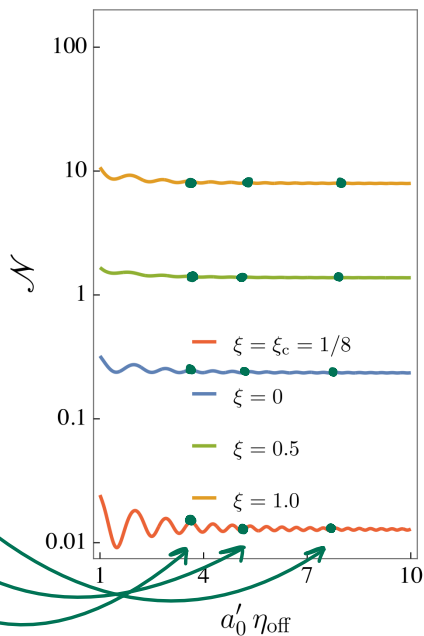
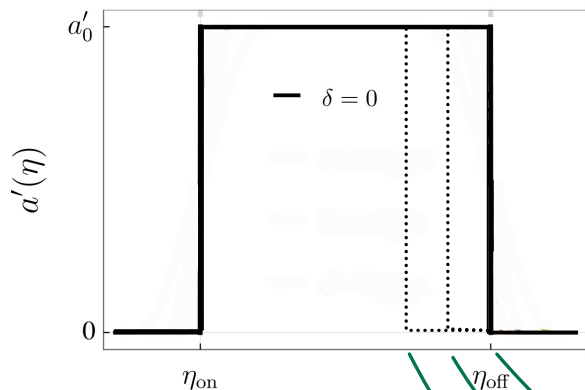
# (1+2) - FLRW spacetime + neutral scalar field $\Phi(t, \vec{x})$

$$D = 2, \delta = 0.1/a'_0$$



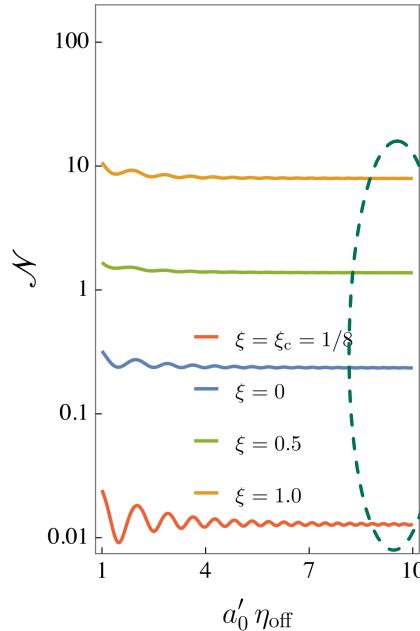
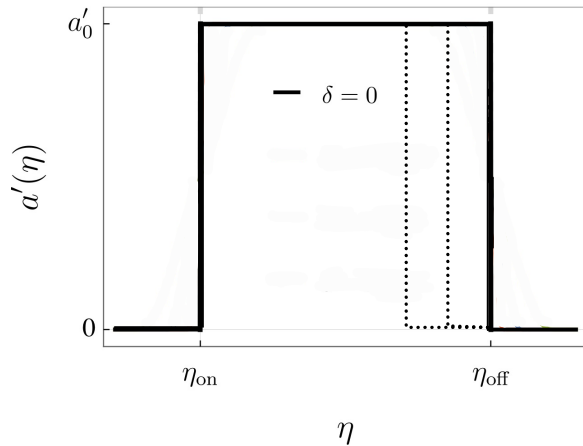
# (1+2) - FLRW spacetime + neutral scalar field $\Phi(t, \vec{x})$

$$D = 2, \delta = 0.1/a'_0$$



(1+2) - FLRW spacetime + neutral scalar field  $\Phi(t, \vec{x})$

$$D = 2, \delta = 0.1/a'_0$$



①

Production stabilizers:  
intermediate expansion  
contributes minimally  
to the overall production.

## 'On' and 'off' transitions dominate

particle creation in (some) analog gravity experiments that simulate an expanding cosmological universe.

Be careful with their interpretations!