

FeynCalc

An Introduction to Mathematica Tools for HEP

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What is FeynCalc (FC) ?

FeynCalc is a Mathematica package for algebraic calculations in Quantum Field Theory and semi-automatic evaluation of Feynman Diagrams.

- One-loop integration

- Dirac algebra, contractions, color algebra, etc

Preface

We count with three main tools to understand FeynArts, FeynCalc, etc:

1. Command `InputForm[X]` in Mathematica. Shows how Mathematica understands the expression `X`.
2. Command `?X`. Shows the definition of `X`.
3. User Guide provided by the creators. FC Guide:
<https://feyncalc.github.io/reference>

Using InputForm

Typical amplitude for a Feynman diagram

```
hhtohhtreeamp2 = PickLevel[Particles][hhtohhtreeamp] // ToFA1Conventions
```

```
FAFeynAmpList(Process -> {S[1] p1 FCGV(MH) {} } -> {S[1] k1 FCGV(MH) {} }, Model -> {SM}, GenericModel -> {Lorentz}, AmplitudeLevel -> {Particles}, ExcludeParticles -> {}, ExcludeFieldPoints -> {}, LastSelections -> {})
```

$$\left(\text{FAFeynAmp}\left(\text{GraphName}, T1, G1C1P1, N1\right), -\frac{3 \text{FCGV}(\text{EL})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2}{4 \text{FCGV}(\text{MW})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{SW})^2} \right), \text{FAFeynAmp}\left(\text{GraphName}, T2, G1C2P1, N2\right), -\frac{9 \text{FCGV}(\text{EL})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^4}{4 \text{FCGV}(\text{MW})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{SW})^2} \frac{1}{(k1+k2)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2} \right), \\ \left. \text{FAFeynAmp}\left(\text{GraphName}, T3, G1C3P1, N3\right), -\frac{9 \text{FCGV}(\text{EL})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^4}{4 \text{FCGV}(\text{MW})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{SW})^2} \frac{1}{(k2-p2)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2} \right) \text{FAFeynAmp}\left(\text{GraphName}, T4, G1C4P1, N4\right), -\frac{9 \text{FCGV}(\text{EL})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^4}{4 \text{FCGV}(\text{MW})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{SW})^2} \frac{1}{(k1-p2)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2} \right)$$

```
InputForm[hhtohhtreeamp2]
```

```
[forma de entrada
```

```
/InputForm=
```

```
FAFeynAmpList[Process -> {{S[1], p1, FCGV["MH"], {}}, {S[1], p2, FCGV["MH"], {}}} -> {{S[1], k1, FCGV["MH"], {}}, {S[1], k2, FCGV["MH"], {}}}, Model -> {"SM"}, GenericModel -> {"Lorentz"},  
AmplitudeLevel -> {Particles}, ExcludeParticles -> {}, ExcludeFieldPoints -> {}, LastSelections -> {}][FAFeynAmp[GraphName["", "T1", "G1C1P1", "N1"],  
(-3*FCGV["EL"]^2*FCGV["MH"]^2)/(4*FCGV["MW"]^2*FCGV["SW"]^2)], FAFeynAmp[GraphName["", "T2", "G1C2P1", "N2"], (-9*FAPropagatorDenominator[k1 + k2, FCGV["MH"]]*FCGV["EL"]^2*FCGV["MH"]^4)/  
(4*FCGV["MW"]^2*FCGV["SW"]^2)], FAFeynAmp[GraphName["", "T3", "G1C3P1", "N3"], (-9*FAPropagatorDenominator[k2 - p2, FCGV["MH"]]*FCGV["EL"]^2*FCGV["MH"]^4)/(4*FCGV["MW"]^2*FCGV["SW"]^2)],  
FAFeynAmp[GraphName["", "T4", "G1C4P1", "N4"], (-9*FAPropagatorDenominator[k1 - p2, FCGV["MH"]]*FCGV["EL"]^2*FCGV["MH"]^4)/(4*FCGV["MW"]^2*FCGV["SW"]^2)]]
```

This allows us to write substitutions /. FCGV["MH"] -> MH

How does it work?

Takes the output of FeynArts written in FeynCalc language created first by CreateFeynAmp and then translate to FeynCalc

```
omegaomegatoomegaomegaamp = CreateFeynAmp[omegaomegatoomegaomega, AmplitudeLevel → Particles, GaugeRules → {}] /. M$FACouplingsHEFT
```

```
omegaomegatoomegaomegaampnew = PickLevel[Particles][omegaomegatoomegaomegaamp] // ToFA1Conventions
```

```
FAFeynAmpList(Process → (S(3) p1 Mz {} → (S(3) k1 Mz {}), Model → {HEFT3_FA}, GenericModel → {HEFT3_FA},
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{AmplitudeLevel} \rightarrow \{\text{Particles}\}, \text{ExcludeParticles} \rightarrow \{\}, \text{ExcludeFieldPoints} \rightarrow \{\}, \text{LastSelections} \rightarrow \{\} \Bigg) \Bigg(\text{FAFeynAmp} \Big(\text{GraphName}(\text{T1}, \text{G1C1P1}, \text{N1}), \\ & -i \left(\frac{8 i (a4 + a5) (-k1).(-k2) p1.p2}{v^4} + \frac{8 i (a4 + a5) (-k1).p2 (-k2).p1}{v^4} + \frac{8 i (a4 + a5) (-k1).p1 (-k2).p2}{v^4} - \frac{2 i (-k1).(-k2)}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k1).p1}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k1).p2}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k2).p1}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k2).p2}{v^2} - \frac{2 i p1.p2}{v^2} \right), \\ & \text{FAFeynAmp} \Big(\text{GraphName}(\text{T2}, \text{G1C2P1}, \text{N2}), - \frac{4 a^2 (-k1).(-k2) p1.p2}{v^2 \frac{1}{(k1+k2)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2 (\text{xiSubscript}[S(4)]}} \Big), \text{FAFeynAmp} \Big(\text{GraphName}(\text{T3}, \text{G1C3P1}, \text{N3}), \\ & - \frac{4 a^2 (-k1).p1 (-k2).p2}{v^2 \frac{1}{(k2-p2)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2 (\text{xiSubscript}[S(4)]}} \Big), \text{FAFeynAmp} \Big(\text{GraphName}(\text{T4}, \text{G1C4P1}, \text{N4}), - \frac{4 a^2 (-k1).p2 (-k2).p1}{v^2 \frac{1}{(k1-p2)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2 (\text{xiSubscript}[S(4)]}} \Big) \Bigg) \end{aligned}$$

Example 1: Goldstone scattering

```
omegaomegatoomegaomegaampnew[[2, 2]]
```

$$-\frac{4 a^2 (-k_1).(-k_2) p_1.p_2 \frac{1}{(k_1+k_2)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2 \text{xi}_{S(4)}}}{v^2}$$

```
omegaomegatoomegaomegaampnew[[2, 2]] // InputForm
[forma de entrada]
```

```
InputForm=
```

```
(-4*a^2*FAPropagatorDenominator[k1 + k2, Sqrt[FAgaugeXi[S[4]]]*FCGV["MH"]]*FAScalarProduct[-k1, -k2]*
FAScalarProduct[p1, p2])/v^2
```

```
omegaomegatoomegaamps =
```

```
Table[omegaomegatoomegaomegaampnew[{i, 2}], {i, 1, 4}] /. {FCGV[x_] -> ToExpression[x]} /. {p2 -> k4, p1 -> k3} /. FAPropagatorDenominator[x_, y_] -> \frac{1}{x^2 - y^2} /.
[tabla] [convierte en expresión]
```

```
{(k1 + k2)^2 -> S, (k2 - k4)^2 -> T, (k1 - k4)^2 -> U} |
```

$$= \left\{ -i \left(\frac{8 i (a_4 + a_5) (-k_1).(-k_2) k_3.k_4}{v^4} + \frac{8 i (a_4 + a_5) (-k_1).k_4 (-k_2).k_3}{v^4} + \frac{8 i (a_4 + a_5) (-k_1).k_3 (-k_2).k_4}{v^4} - \frac{2 i (-k_1).(-k_2)}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k_1).k_3}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k_1).k_4}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k_2).k_3}{v^2} - \frac{2 i (-k_2).k_4}{v^2} - \frac{2 i k_3.k_4}{v^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{4 a^2 (-k_1).(-k_2) k_3.k_4}{v^2 (S - \text{MH}^2 (\text{xi}_{\text{Subscript}[S(4)]})} - \frac{4 a^2 (-k_1).k_3 (-k_2).k_4}{v^2 (T - \text{MH}^2 (\text{xi}_{\text{Subscript}[S(4)]})} - \frac{4 a^2 (-k_1).k_4 (-k_2).k_3}{v^2 (U - \text{MH}^2 (\text{xi}_{\text{Subscript}[S(4)]})} \right\}$$

```
omegaomegatoomegaamps[[2]] // InputForm
[forma de entrada
```

```
InputForm=
```

```
(-4*a^2*FAScalarProduct[-k1, -k2]*FAScalarProduct[k3, k4])/(v^2*(S - "MH"^2*FAGaugeXi[S[4]]))
```

```
omegaomegatoomegaampsbis =
```

```
Simplify[
[simplifica
```

```
omegaomegatoomegaamps /. {a4 → 0, a5 → 0} //. {FAScalarProduct[-x_, y_] → -FAScalarProduct[x, y], FAScalarProduct[x_, -y_] → -FAScalarProduct[x, y]} /.
{FAScalarProduct[k3, k4] → (S - FAScalarProduct[k3, k3] - FAScalarProduct[k4, k4])
```

$$\frac{2}{2},$$

$$\frac{2}{2},$$

$$\frac{2}{2},$$

$$\frac{2}{2},$$

$$\frac{2}{2},$$

$$\frac{2}{2},$$

$$\frac{2}{2}\}$$

```
{FAScalarProduct[k1, k1] → 0, FAScalarProduct[k2, k2] → 0, FAScalarProduct[k3, k3] → 0, FAScalarProduct[k4, k4] → 0}
```

$$\left\{-\frac{2(S+T+U)}{v^2}, -\frac{a^2 S^2}{v^2(S-MH^2(\text{xiSubscript}[S(4)]))}, -\frac{a^2 T^2}{v^2(T-MH^2(\text{xiSubscript}[S(4)]))}, -\frac{a^2 U^2}{v^2(U-MH^2(\text{xiSubscript}[S(4)]))}\right\}$$

Then the final amplitude is the known expression for HEFT

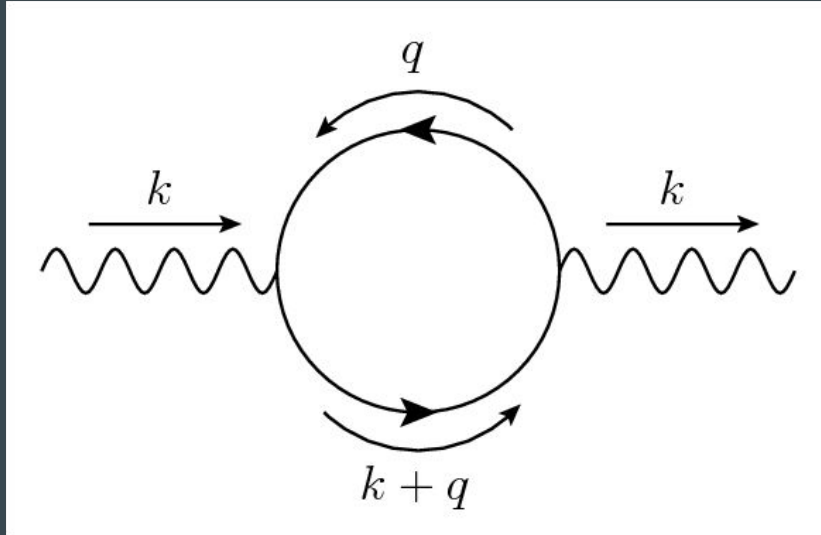
```
omegaomegatoomegaamptotal = Total[omegaomegatoomegaampsbis /. FAGaugeXi[S[4]] -> 1, 1]  
|total
```

=

$$-\frac{a^2 S^2}{v^2 (S - MH^2)} - \frac{a^2 T^2}{v^2 (T - MH^2)} - \frac{a^2 U^2}{v^2 (U - MH^2)} - \frac{2 (S + T + U)}{v^2}$$

Example 2: Higgs self energy at one-loop

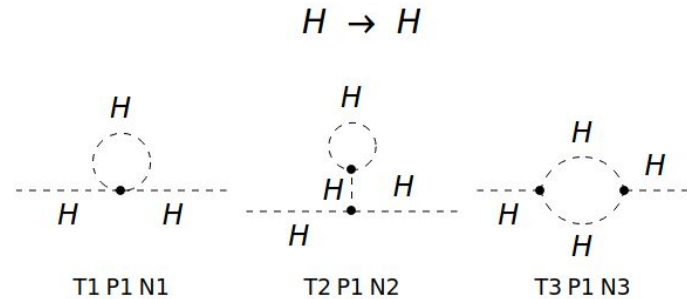
We have an amplitudes that depends on the momentum inside the loop q (q_1 in FeynCalc by default)



```
Paint[hhsselfenergy2, PaintLevel -> {Particles}, ImageSize -> 500]
```

[tamaño de imagen]

- > Top. 1 ac/bc/cc.m, 0 diagrams
- > Top. 2 ac/bc/cddd.m, 0 diagrams
- > Top. 3 ac/bd/cdcd.m, 0 diagrams



Example 2: Higgs self energy at one-loop

The amplitude for looks like this

```
hhselfenergy2ampnew = PickLevel[Particles][hhselfenergy2amp] // ToFA1Conventions
```

```
FAFeynAmpList(Process → (S(1) p1 FCGV(MH) {} ) → (S(1) k1 FCGV(MH) {} ), Model → {SM}, GenericModel → {Lorentz}, AmplitudeLevel → {Particles},
```

```
ExcludeParticles → {F, U, V, -F(1), F(1), -F(2), F(2), -F(3), F(3), -F(4), F(4), -F(1, {1}), F(1, {1}), -F(1, {2}), F(1, {2}), -F(1, {3}), F(1, {3}), -F(2, {1}), F(2, {1}), -F(2, {2}),  
F(2, {2}), -F(2, {3}), F(2, {3}), -F(3, {1, _}), F(3, {1, _}), -F(3, {2, _}), F(3, {2, _}), -F(3, {3, _}), F(3, {3, _}), -F(4, {1, _}), F(4, {1, _}), -F(4, {2, _}), F(4, {2, _}), -F(4, {3, _}),  
F(4, {3, _}), S(2), -S(3), S(3), -U(1), U(1), -U(2), U(2), -U(3), U(3), -U(4), U(4), V(1), V(2), -V(3), V(3)}, ExcludeFieldPoints → {}, LastSelections → {S(1)})
```

$$\left(\text{FAFeynAmp} \left[\text{GraphName}(\text{T1}, \text{G1C1P1}, \text{N1}), q1, - \frac{3 i \text{FCGV}(\text{EL})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2 \text{FAFeynAmpDenominator} \left(\frac{1}{q1^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2} \right)}{128 \pi^4 \text{FCGV}(\text{MW})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{SW})^2} \right], \right.$$

$$\text{FAFeynAmp} \left[\text{GraphName}(\text{T2}, \text{G1C2P1}, \text{N2}), q1, - \frac{9 i \text{FCGV}(\text{EL})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^4 \text{FAFeynAmpDenominator} \left(\frac{1}{q1^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2} \right) \frac{1}{(p1-k1)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2}}{128 \pi^4 \text{FCGV}(\text{MW})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{SW})^2} \right],$$

$$\left. \text{FAFeynAmp} \left[\text{GraphName}(\text{T3}, \text{G1C3P1}, \text{N3}), q1, - \frac{9 i \text{FCGV}(\text{EL})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^4 \text{FAFeynAmpDenominator} \left(\frac{1}{q1^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2}, \frac{1}{(q1-k1)^2 - \text{FCGV}(\text{MH})^2} \right)}{128 \pi^4 \text{FCGV}(\text{MW})^2 \text{FCGV}(\text{SW})^2} \right] \right)$$

Example 2: Higgs self energy at one-loop

Let us inspect the amplitude

```
Dimensions[hhsselfenergy2ampnew]
```

[\[dimensiones\]](#)

```
{3}
```

```
hhsselfenergy2ampnew[[3, 3]] // InputForm
```

[\[forma de entrada\]](#)

[putForm=](#)

```
((-9*I)/128)*FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[q1, FCGV["MH"]], FAPropagatorDenominator[-k1 + q1, FCGV["MH"]]]*FCGV["EL"]^2*FCGV["MH"]^4/(Pi^4*FCGV["MH"]^4)
```

Create a table containing the amplitude of each diagram

```
hhsselfenergy2amps = Table[hhsselfenergy2ampnew[[i, 3]], {i, 1, 3}] /. {FCGV[x_] -> ToExpression[x]} /. {p1 -> k1}
```

[\[tabla\]](#)

[\[convierte en expresión\]](#)

$$\left\{ -\frac{3 i \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^2 \text{FAFeynAmpDenominator}\left(\frac{1}{q1^2 - \text{MH}^2}\right)}{128 \pi^4 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2}, -\frac{9 i \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^4 \left(-\frac{1}{\text{MH}^2}\right) \text{FAFeynAmpDenominator}\left(\frac{1}{q1^2 - \text{MH}^2}\right)}{128 \pi^4 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2}, -\frac{9 i \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^4 \text{FAFeynAmpDenominator}\left(\frac{1}{q1^2 - \text{MH}^2}, \frac{1}{(q1 - k1)^2 - \text{MH}^2}\right)}{128 \pi^4 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2} \right\}$$

Example 2: Higgs self energy at one-loop

To integrate the momenta in the loop we use the function OneLoop

```
OneLoop[q1, hhselfenergy2amps]
```

In order for OneLoop to work the Propagators and Momenta need to be defined correctly (right dimension, syntax and might change among versions of FeynCalc)

```
= hhselfenergy2amps // InputForm
      [forma de entrada]

InputForm=
{ (((-3*I)/128)*EL^2*MH^2*FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[q1, "MH"]])/("MW"^2*SW^2*Pi^4),
  (((-9*I)/128)*EL^2*MH^4*FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[q1, "MH"]]*FAPropagatorDenominator[0, "MH"])/
  ("MW"^2*SW^2*Pi^4), (((-9*I)/128)*EL^2*MH^4*FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[q1, "MH"],
  FAPropagatorDenominator[-k1 + q1, "MH"]])/("MW"^2*SW^2*Pi^4)}
```

Example 2: Higgs self energy at one-loop

Write the Propagators and Momenta in the correct way

```
hhsselfenergy2ampsmod =
  hhsselfenergy2amps /. FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[x_, y_], FAPropagatorDenominator[z_, w_]] ->
    FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[x, y]] * FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[z, w]] /.
    FAFeynAmpDenominator[FAPropagatorDenominator[x_, y_]] -> FeynAmpDenominator[PropagatorDenominator[Momentum[x, D], y]]
```

$$= \left\{ -\frac{3 i E L^2 M H^2}{128 \pi^4 M W^2 S W^2 (q_1^2 - M H^2)}, -\frac{9 i E L^2 M H^4 \left(-\frac{1}{M H^2}\right)}{128 \pi^4 M W^2 S W^2 (q_1^2 - M H^2)}, -\frac{9 i E L^2 M H^4}{128 \pi^4 M W^2 S W^2 (q_1^2 - M H^2) ((q_1 - k_1)^2 - M H^2)} \right\}$$

Now we can apply OneLoop to obtain the result in terms of the PaVe functions

```
hhsselfenergy2ampsPaVe = Table[OneLoop[q1, hhsselfenergy2ampsmod[[i]]], {i, 1, 3}]
```

$$\left\{ \frac{3 E L^2 M H^2 A_0(M H^2)}{128 \pi^2 M W^2 S W^2}, \frac{9 E L^2 M H^4 (-M H^2) \frac{1}{M H^4} A_0(M H^2)}{128 \pi^2 M W^2 S W^2}, \frac{9 E L^2 M H^4 B_0(\overline{k_1^2}, M H^2, M H^2)}{128 \pi^2 M W^2 S W^2} \right\}$$

Example 2: Higgs self energy at one-loop

I can set the momentum on-shell

```
hhselfenergy2ampsPaVe2 = hhselfenergy2ampsPaVe /. Pair[Momentum[k1], Momentum[k1]] -> MH^2
```

$$\left\{ \frac{3 \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^2 \text{A}_0(\text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2}, \frac{9 \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^4 (-\text{MH}^2) \frac{1}{\text{MH}^4} \text{A}_0(\text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2}, \frac{9 \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^4 \text{B}_0(\text{MH}^2, \text{MH}^2, \text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2} \right\}$$

```
hhselfenergy2ampsPaVetotal = Total[hhselfenergy2ampsPaVe2, 1]
```

[total]

$$\frac{9 \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^4 \text{B}_0(\text{MH}^2, \text{MH}^2, \text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2} + \frac{3 \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^2 \text{A}_0(\text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2} + \frac{9 \text{EL}^2 (-\text{MH}^2) \frac{1}{\text{MH}^4} \text{MH}^4 \text{A}_0(\text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2}$$

The final amplitude is the sum of the three terms

```
hhselfenergy2ampsPaVetotal = Total[hhselfenergy2ampsPaVe2, 1]
```

[total]

$$\frac{9 \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^4 \text{B}_0(\text{MH}^2, \text{MH}^2, \text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2} + \frac{3 \text{EL}^2 \text{MH}^2 \text{A}_0(\text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2} + \frac{9 \text{EL}^2 (-\text{MH}^2) \frac{1}{\text{MH}^4} \text{MH}^4 \text{A}_0(\text{MH}^2)}{128 \pi^2 \text{MW}^2 \text{SW}^2}$$

Hands on!

Exercise 1:

- Use the amplitude from the previous session to calculate the process $hh \rightarrow hh$

Exercise 2:

- Use the amplitude from the previous session to calculate the one-loop self-energy of the Higgs boson with only Higgs bosons in the loop

Hands on!

Exercise 3 (extra):

- Use the amplitude from the previous session to calculate the process $G_0 G_0 \rightarrow G_0 G_0$